

WORKING PLANS, DESIGN, INSTALLATION, ACCEPTANCE TESTS, AND MAINTENANCE

131

CONTRACTOR'S MATERIAL & TEST CERTIFICATE FOR ABOVEGROUND PIPING

PROCEDURE

Upon completion of work, inspection and tests shall be made by the contractor's representative and witnessed by an owner's representative. All defects shall be corrected and equipment shall be returned to its original condition before the job.

A copy of this certificate shall be signed by both representatives. Copies shall be prepared for approving authorities, owners, and contractors. It is understood the owner's representative shall not be held responsible for any claim against contractor for faulty material, poor workmanship, or failure to comply with approving authority's requirements or specifications.

PROPERTY NAME S.U.N.Y. Phase II Housing

PROPERTY ADDRESS 735 Anderson Hill Rd. Purchase, NY 10577

ACCEPTED BY APPROVING AUTHORITIES (NAME)

PLANS

ADDRESS

INSTALLATION CONFORMS TO ACCEPTED PLANS

EQUIPMENT USED IS APPROVED

IF NO, EXPLAIN DEVIATIONS

YES NO

YES NO

INSTRUCTIONS

IS PERSON IN CHARGE OF FIRE EQUIPMENT BEEN INSTRUCTED AS TO LOCATION
OF CONTROL VALVES AND CARE AND MAINTENANCE OF THIS NEW EQUIPMENT?
IF NO, EXPLAIN

YES NO

HAVE COPIES OF THE FOLLOWING BEEN LEFT ON THE PREMISES:

1. SYSTEM COMPONENTS INSTRUCTIONS
2. CARE AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS
3. NFPA 13A

YES NO

YES NO

YES NO

YES NO

LOCATION
OF SYSTEM

SUPPLES BUILDINGS

SPRINKLERS

MAKE	MODEL	YEAR OF MANUFACTURE	DRIPCE SIZE	QUANTITY	TEMPERATURE RATING
Centrat	Optima	2002			160°
Tyco	TY3551	2001			160°

PIPE AND
FITTINGS

Type of Pipe Schedule 40 black & Victrolite light wall
Type of Fittings Schedule 40 malleable black & Victrolite fittings

ALARM
VALVE
OR FLOW
INDICATOR

TYPE	ALARM DEVICE MAKE	MODEL	MAXIMUM TIME TO OPERATE THROUGH TEST CONNECTION MIN
System Sensor	Emergency	OSV2 / EMD WEDT	SEC
Poller	Emergency	OSV2-SU	SEC

DRY PIPE
OPERATING
TEST

MAKE		MODEL		SERIAL NO.		MAKE		MODEL		SERIAL NO.	
N/A											
TIME TO TRIP THRU TEST CONNECTION*		WATER PRESSURE		AIR PRESSURE		TRIP POINT AIR PRESSURE		TIME WATER EXPOSED TEST OUTLET		ALARM OPERATES PROPERLY	
MIN. SEC.		PSI		PSI		PSI		MIN. SEC.		YES NO	
Without C.O.D.											
With C.O.D.											
*IF NO, EXPLAIN											

IF NO, EXPLAIN

MEASURED FROM TIME INSPECTOR'S TEST CONNECTION IS OPENED.
SEE (10.14)
PRINTED IN U.S.A.

Figure 2-1.2-1 Contractor's material and test certificate for aboveground piping

SYSTEM ACCEPTANCE

HYDROSTATIC TEST	ALL NEW UNDERGROUND PIPING HYDROSTATICALLY TESTED AT 200 PSI FOR 2 HOURS		JOINTS COVERED YES NO
LEAKAGE TEST	TOTAL AMOUNT OF LEAKAGE MEASURED NA GALS. NA HOURS ALLOWABLE LEAKAGE NA GALS. NA HOURS		
HYDRANTS	NUMBER INSTALLED	TYPE AND MAKE	ALL OPERATE SATISFACTORILY YES NO
CONTROL VALVES	WATER CONTROL VALVES LEFT WIDE OPEN (IF NOT, STATE REASON)		YES NO X
	HOSE THREADS OF FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTIONS AND HYDRANTS INTERCHANGEABLE AND HOSE OF FIRE DEPARTMENT ASSUMING A DEM		YES NO
	DATE LEFT IN SERVICE		YES NO
REMARKS			
	NAME OF INSTALLING CONTRACTOR		
SIGNATURES	TESTS WITNESSED BY		
	FOR PROPERTY OWNER (SIGNED)	TITLE	DATE
	FOR INSTALLING CONTRACTOR (SIGNED)	TITLE	DATE
		DET Mechanical	
ADDITIONAL EXPLANATION AND NOTES			

Figure 8-1(b) (cont.).

8-2 Acceptance Requirements.

8-2.1* **Flushing of Piping.** Underground mains and lead-in connections to system risers shall be completely flushed before connection is made to sprinkler piping. The flushing operation shall be continued for a sufficient time to ensure thorough cleaning. The minimum rate of flow shall be not less than:

- (a) The hydraulically calculated water demand rate of the system including any hose requirements, or
- (b) That flow necessary to provide a velocity of 10 ft per second (3 m/s), or
- (c) The maximum flow rate available to the system under fire conditions.

Table 8-2.1 Flow Required to Produce a Velocity of 10 ft per second (3 m/s) in Pipes

Pipe Size (in.)	Flow Rate (gpm)	Flow Rate (l/min)
4	390	1476
5	880	3331
8	1560	5905
10	2440	9295
12	3520	13323

8-2.2 Hydrostatic Tests.

8-2.2.1* All interior piping and attached appurtenances subjected to system working pressure shall be hydrostatically tested at 200 psi (13.8 bars) and shall maintain pressure without loss for 2 hours. Loss shall be determined by a drop in gauge pressure or visual leakage.

Exception No. 1: Portions of systems normally subjected to working pressures in excess of 150 psi (10.4 bars) shall be tested described above at a pressure of 50 psi (3.5 bars) in excess of 1 mal working pressure.

Exception No. 2: When cold weather will not permit testing with water, an interim air test may be conducted as described in 8-2.

The test pressure shall be read from a gauge located at low elevation point of the system or portion being tested.

8-2.2.2 **Additives.** Additives, corrosive chemicals such as sodium silicate or derivatives of sodium silicate, brine, other chemicals shall not be used while hydrostatically testing systems or for stopping leaks.

8-2.2.3 Piping between the exterior fire department connection and the check valve in the fire department in pipe shall be hydrostatically tested in the same manner the balance of the system.

8-2.2.4 When hydrostatically testing deluge system plugs shall be installed in fittings and replaced with open sprinklers after the test is completed, or the operating elements of automatic sprinklers shall be removed after the test is completed.

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SPRINKLER SYSTEMS IN RESIDENTIAL OCCUPANCIES UP TO AND INCLUDING FOUR STORIES IN HEIGHT

(j) Any small enclosures in which no sprinklers are to be installed.

(k) Size of city main in street, pressure and whether dead-end or circulating; and, if dead-end, direction and distance to nearest circulating main, city main test results including elevation of test hydrant.

(l) Make, manufacturer, type, heat-response element, temperature rating, and nominal orifice size of sprinkler.

(m) Temperature rating and location of high-temperature sprinklers.

(n) Number of sprinklers on each riser, per floor.

(o) Kind and location of alarm bells.

(p) Type of pipe and fittings.

(q) Type of protection for nonmetallic pipe.

(r) Nominal pipe size with lengths shown to scale.

NOTE: Where typical branch lines prevail, it will be necessary to size only one line.

(s) Location and size of riser nipples.

(t) Type of fittings and joints and location of all welds and bends.

(u) Types and locations of hangers, sleeves, braces, and methods of securing sprinklers, where applicable.

(v) All control valves, check valves, drain pipes, and test connections.

(w) Underground pipe size, length, location, weight, aerial, point of connection to city main; the type of dyes, meters, and valve pits; and the depth at which the p of the pipe is laid below grade.

(x) For hydraulically designed systems, the material to be included on the hydraulic data nameplate.

(y) Name and address of contractor.

1.2 Approval of Sprinkler Systems.

1.2.1 The installer shall perform all required acceptance tests (see 2-1.3), complete the Contractor's Material and Test Certificate(s) (see Figure 2-1.2.1), and forward the certificate(s) to the authority having jurisdiction, prior to filing for approval of the installation.

1.2.2 When the authority having jurisdiction desires to be present during the conducting of acceptance tests, the installer shall give advance notification of the time and date the testing will be performed.

1.3 Acceptance Tests.

1.3.1 Flushing of Underground Connections.

1.3.1.1 Underground mains and lead-in connections to main risers shall be flushed before connection is made to inlet piping, in order to remove foreign materials that have entered the underground piping during the use of the installation. For all systems, the flushing operation shall be continued until water is clear.

2-1.3.1.2 Underground mains and lead-in connections shall be flushed at the hydraulically calculated water demand rate of the system.

2-1.3.1.3 To avoid property damage, provision shall be made for the disposal of water issuing from test outlets.

2-1.3.2* Hydrostatic pressure tests shall be provided in accordance with NFPA 13, *Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems*.

Exception: Testing for leakage at 50 psi (3.4 bars) water pressure above the maximum system pressure shall be acceptable for systems having less than 20 sprinklers and no fire department connection.

2-2 Design and Installation.

2-2.1 Devices and Materials.

2-2.1.1 Only new sprinklers shall be employed in the installation of sprinkler systems. At least 3 spare sprinklers of each type, temperature rating, and orifice size used in the system shall be kept on the premises. Replacement sprinklers shall have the same operating characteristics as the sprinklers being replaced.

2-2.1.2 Only listed or approved devices and materials as indicated in this standard shall be used in sprinkler systems.

2-2.1.3 Sprinkler systems shall be designed for a maximum working pressure of 175 psi (12.1 bars).

Exception: Higher design pressures may be used when all system components are rated for pressures higher than 175 psi (12.1 bars).

2-3 Water Supply.

2-3.1 General Provisions. Every automatic sprinkler system shall have at least one automatic water supply. When stored water is used as the sole source of supply, the minimum quantity shall equal the water demand rate times 30 minutes. (See 2-5.1.3.)

2-3.2* Water Supply Sources. The following water supply sources are acceptable:

(a) A connection to a reliable water works system with or without a booster pump, as required.

(b) An elevated tank.

(c) A pressure tank installed in accordance with NFPA 13, *Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems*, and NFPA 29, *Standard for Water Tanks for Private Fire Protection*.

(d) A stored water source with an automatically operated pump, installed in accordance with NFPA 20, *Standard for the Installation of Centrifugal Fire Pumps*.

WORKING PLANS, DESIGN, INSTALLATION, ACCEPTANCE TESTS, AND REPORT PERFORMANCE

CONTRACTOR'S MATERIAL & TEST CERTIFICATE FOR **A** ABOVEGROUND SYSTEM

T3106.2

PROCEDURE

Upon completion of work, inspection and tests shall be made by the contractor's representative and witnessed by an outside representative. All work shall be corrected and approved before service of the contractor's performance is complete.

A certificate shall be issued out and signed by both representatives. Copies shall be prepared for approving authorities, system, and contractor. It is understood the owner's representative shall in no way protect any claim against contractor for faulty material, poor workmanship, or failure to comply with approving authority's requirements or requirements.

PROPERTY NAME

S.J.N.Y. Phase II Housing

DATE

2/21/03

PROPERTY ADDRESS

735 Anderson Hill Rd. Purchase, NY 10577

APPROVED BY APPROVING AUTHORITIES (NAME)

ADDRESS

PLANS

INSTALLATION CONFORMS TO ACCEPTED PLANS

EQUIPMENT USED IS APPROVED

IF NO, EXPLAIN DEVIATIONS

YES NO

YES NO

HAS PERSON IN CHARGE OF FIRE EQUIPMENT BEEN INSTRUCTED AS TO LOCATION

AND CONTROL VALVES AND CARE AND MAINTENANCE OF THIS NEW EQUIPMENT?

IF NO, EXPLAIN

YES NO

INSTRUCTIONS

HAVE COPIES OF THE FOLLOWING BEEN LEFT ON THE PREMISES:

1. SYSTEM COMPONENTS INSTRUCTIONS
2. CARE AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS
3. NFPA 13A

YES NO

YES NO

YES NO

YES NO

LOCATION OF SYSTEM

SUPPLIES BUILDINGS

SPRINKLERS

MAKE	MODEL	YEAR OF MANUFACTURE	ORIFICE SIZE	QUANTITY	TEMPERATURE RATING
Centital	Optima	2002			160°
Tyco	TY3651	2001			160°

PIPE AND FITTINGS

Type of Pipe Schedule 40 black & Victrolite light wall

Type of Fittings Schedule 40 malleable black & victrolite fittings

ALARM VALVE OR FLOW INTERRUPTER

TYPE	ALARM DEVICE		MAXIMUM TIME TO OPERATE THROUGH TEST CONNECTION	
	MAKE	MODEL	MIN	SEC
System Sensor	Extrac	OSY2 / FLOW W/DT		
Potter	Extrac	OSY2-SU		

DRY PIPE OPERATING TEST

MAKE		MODEL		SERIAL NO.		MAKE		MODEL		SERIAL NO.	
N/A											
TIME TO TRIP - THREE TEST CONNECTION*		WATER PRESSURE		AIR PRESSURE		TRIP POINT AIR PRESSURE		TIME WATER TEST OUTLET		ALARM OPERATED PROPERLY	
MIN.	SEC.	PSI	PSI	PSI	PSI	MIN.	SEC.	YES	NO	YES	NO
Initial O.D.											
Final O.D.											

IF NO, EXPLAIN

MEASURED FROM THE INSPECTOR'S TEST CONNECTION IS OPENED.
 584 (155) PRINTED IN U.S.A.

(OVER)

Figure 2.1.2.1 Contractor's material and test certificate for aboveground system

SYSTEM ACCEPTANCE

HYDROSTATIC TEST	ALL NEW UNDERGROUND PIPING HYDROSTATICALLY TESTED AT		JOINTS COVERED	
	200	PSI FOR 2 HOURS	YES	NO
LEAKAGE TEST	TOTAL AMOUNT OF LEAKAGE MEASURED			
	NA	GALS. NA HOURS		
HYDRANTS	ALLOWABLE LEAKAGE			
	NA	GALS. NA HOURS		
CONTROL VALVES	NUMBER INSTALLED	TYPE AND MAKE	ALL OPERATE SATISFACTORILY	
	WATER CONTROL VALVES LEFT WIDE OPEN IF NO, STATE REASON		YES	NO
REMARKS	HOSE THREADS OF FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTIONS AND HYDRANTS INTERCHANGEABLE WITH THOSE OF FIRE DEPARTMENT ANSWERING ALARM		YES	NO
	DATE LEFT IN SERVICE			
SIGNATURES	NAME OF INSTALLING CONTRACTOR			
	FOR PROPERTY OWNER (SIGNED)	TESTS WITNESSED BY		
ADDITIONAL EXPLANATION AND NOTES	FOR INSTALLING CONTRACTOR (SIGNED)	TITLE	DATE	
		D&T Mechanical		

Figure 8-1(h) (cont.)

8-2 Acceptance Requirements.

8-2.1* **Flushing of Piping.** Underground mains and lead-in connections to system risers shall be completely flushed before connection is made to sprinkler piping. The flushing operation shall be continued for a sufficient time to ensure thorough cleaning. The minimum rate of flow shall be not less than:

(a) The hydraulically calculated water demand rate of the system including any hose requirements, or

(b) That flow necessary to provide a velocity of 10 ft per second (3 m/s), or

(c) The maximum flow rate available to the system under fire conditions.

Table 8-2.1 Flow Required to Produce a Velocity of 10 ft per second (3 m/s) in Pipes

Pipe Size (in.)	Flow Rate (gpm)	Flow Rate (L/min)
4	990	1476
6	880	3331
8	1560	5905
10	2440	9235
12	3520	13328

8-2.2 Hydrostatic Tests.

8-2.2.1* All interior piping and attached appurtenances subjected to system working pressure shall be hydrostatically tested at 200 psi (13.8 bars) and shall maintain pressure without loss for 2 hours. Loss shall be determined by a drop in gauge pressure or visual leakage.

Exception No. 1: Portions of systems normally subjected to working pressures in excess of 150 psi (10.4 bars) shall be tested described above at a pressure of 50 psi (3.5 bars) in excess of normal working pressure.

Exception No. 2: When cold weather will not permit testing with water, an interim air test may be conducted as described in 8-

The test pressure shall be read from a gauge located at low elevation point of the system or portion being tested.

8-2.2.2 **Additives.** Additives, corrosive chemicals such as sodium silicate or derivatives of sodium silicate, brine, other chemicals shall not be used while hydrostatically testing systems or for stopping leaks.

8-2.2.3 Piping between the exterior fire department connection and the check valve in the fire department pipe shall be hydrostatically tested in the same manner as the balance of the system.

8-2.2.4 When hydrostatically testing deluge system plugs shall be installed in fittings and replaced with operating elements of automatic sprinklers shall be removed after test is completed.

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SPRINKLER SYSTEMS IN RESIDENTIAL OCCUPANCIES UP TO AND INCLUDING FOUR STORIES IN HEIGHT

(j) Any small enclosures in which no sprinklers are to be installed.

(k) Size of city main in street, pressure and whether dead-end or circulating; and, if dead-end, direction and distance to nearest circulating main, city main test results including elevation of test hydrant.

(l) Make, manufacturer, type, heat-response element, temperature rating, and nominal orifice size of sprinkler.

(m) Temperature rating and location of high-temperature sprinklers.

(n) Number of sprinklers on each riser, per floor.

(o) Kind and location of alarm bells.

(p) Type of pipe and fittings.

(q) Type of protection for nonmetallic pipe.

(r) Nominal pipe size with lengths shown to scale.

NOTE: Where typical branch lines prevail, it will be necessary to size only one line.

(s) Location and size of riser nipples.

(t) Type of fittings and joints and location of all welds and bends.

(u) Types and locations of hangers, sleeves, braces, and methods of securing sprinklers, where applicable.

(v) All control valves, check valves, drain pipes, and test connections.

(w) Underground pipe size, length, location, weight, material, point of connection to city main; the type of lives, meters, and valve pits; and the depth at which the pipe is laid below grade.

(x) For hydraulically designed systems, the material to be included on the hydraulic data nameplate.

(y) Name and address of contractor.

1.2 Approval of Sprinkler Systems.

1.2.1 The installer shall perform all required acceptance tests (see 2-1.3), complete the Contractor's Material and Test Certificate(s) (see Figure 2-1.2.1), and forward the certificate(s) to the authority having jurisdiction, prior to signing for approval of the installation.

1.2.2 When the authority having jurisdiction desires to be present during the conducting of acceptance tests, the installer shall give advance notification of the time and date the testing will be performed.

3 Acceptance Tests.

3.1 Flushing of Underground Connections.

3.1.1 Underground mains and lead-in connections to service risers shall be flushed before connection is made to building piping, in order to remove foreign materials that have entered the underground piping during the use of the installation. For all systems, the flushing operation shall be continued until water is clear.

2-1.3.1.2 Underground mains and lead-in connections shall be flushed at the hydraulically calculated water demand rate of the system.

2-1.3.1.3 To avoid property damage, provision shall be made for the disposal of water issuing from test outlets.

2-1.3.2* Hydrostatic pressure tests shall be provided in accordance with NFPA 13, *Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems*.

Exception: Testing for leakage at 50 psi (3.4 bars) water pressure above the maximum system pressure shall be acceptable for systems having less than 20 sprinklers and no fire department connection.

2-2 Design and Installation.

2-2.1 Devices and Materials.

2-2.1.1 Only new sprinklers shall be employed in the installation of sprinkler systems. At least 3 spare sprinklers of each type, temperature rating, and orifice size used in the system shall be kept on the premises. Replacement sprinklers shall have the same operating characteristics as the sprinklers being replaced.

2-2.1.2 Only listed or approved devices and materials as indicated in this standard shall be used in sprinkler systems.

2-2.1.3 Sprinkler systems shall be designed for a maximum working pressure of 175 psi (12.1 bars).

Exception: Higher design pressures may be used when all system components are rated for pressures higher than 175 psi (12.1 bars).

2-3 Water Supply.

2-3.1 General Provisions. Every automatic sprinkler system shall have at least one automatic water supply. When stored water is used as the sole source of supply, the minimum quantity shall equal the water demand rate times 30 minutes. (See 2-5.1.3.)

2-3.2* Water Supply Sources. The following water supply sources are acceptable:

(a) A connection to a reliable water works system with or without a booster pump, as required.

(b) An elevated tank.

(c) A pressure tank installed in accordance with NFPA 13, *Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems*, and NFPA 22, *Standard for Water Tanks for Private Fire Protection*.

(d) A stored water source with an automatically operated pump, installed in accordance with NFPA 20, *Standard for the Installation of Centrifugal Fire Pumps*.

WORKING PLANS, DESIGN, INSTALLATION, AND SERVICE RECORDS

CONTRACTOR'S MATERIAL & TEST CERTIFICATE FOR ABOVEGROUND PIPING

B663

PROCEDURE

Upon completion of work, inspection and test shall be made by the contractor's representative and witnessed by an owner's representative. All defects shall be corrected and corrected work shall be re-inspected and approved by the owner's representative before the contractor leaves the job.

All work shall be checked out and signed by both representatives. Copies shall be prepared for approving authorities, owner, and contractor. It is understood the owner's representative shall not be responsible for any claim against contractor for faulty material, poor workmanship, or failure to comply with approving authority's requirements or for any other reason.

PROPERTY NAME S.J.U.N.Y. Phase II HousingPROPERTY ADDRESS 735 Anderson Hill Rd. Purchase, NY 10577

ACCEPTED BY APPROVING AUTHORITIES (OWNER)

ADDRESS

PLANS

INSULATION CONFORMS TO ACCEPTED PLANS

YES NO

EQUIPMENT USED IS APPROVED

YES NO

IF NO, EXPLAIN DEVIATIONS

INSTRUCTIONS

HAS PERSON IN CHARGE OF FIRE EQUIPMENT BEEN INSTRUCTED AS TO LOCATION
AND CONTROL VICES AND CARE AND MAINTENANCE OF THIS NEW EQUIPMENT?

YES NO

IF NO, EXPLAIN

HAVE COPIES OF THE FOLLOWING BEEN LEFT ON THE PREMISES:

1. SYSTEM COMPONENTS INSTRUCTIONS
2. CARE AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS
3. NFPA 13A

YES NO

YES NO

YES NO

YES NO

LOCATION
OF SYSTEM

SUPPLIES BUILDINGS

EQUIPMENT

MAKE	MODEL	YEAR OF MANUFACTURE	ORifice SIZE	QUANTITY	TEMPERATURE RATING
Central	Optima	7002			160°
Tyco	T/3551	2001			160°

PIPE AND
FITTINGSType of Pipe Schedule 40 black & Victrolite light wallType of Fittings Schedule 40 malleable black & victrolite fittingsALARM
VALVE
OR FLOW
INDICATOR

TYPE	ALARM DEVICE MAKE	MODEL	MAXIMUM TIME TO OPERATE THROUGH TEST CONNECTION
System Sensor	Extrac	OSV2/Flam W/DT	
Potter	Dry Valve	Tamper OSV2-SU	

DRY PIPE
OPERATING
TEST

MAKE		MODEL		SERIAL NO.		MAKE		MODEL		SERIAL NO.	
N/A											
TIME TO TRIP THRU TEST CONNECTION		WATER PRESSURE		AIR PRESSURE		TRIP POINT AIR PRESSURE		ONE WATER REACHED TEST OUTLET		ALARM OPERATED PROPERLY	
MIN.	SEC.	PSI		PSI		PSI		MIN.	SEC.	YES	NO
Initial 0.0.0.											
Red 0.0.0.											

IF NO, EXPLAIN

*MEASURED FROM THE INSPECTOR'S TEST CONNECTION ISOPREP
854 (1999) PRINTED IN U.S.A.

Figure 2-1.2-1 Contractor's material and test certificate for aboveground piping

SYSTEM ACCEPTANCE

HYDROSTATIC TEST	ALL NEW UNDERGROUND PIPING HYDROSTATICALLY TESTED AT		JOINTS COVERED	
	200 PSI FOR 2 HOURS		YES NO	
LEAKAGE TEST	TOTAL AMOUNT OF LEAKAGE MEASURED			
	NA GALS. NA HOURS			
HYDRANTS	ALLOWABLE LEAKAGE			
	NA GALS. NA HOURS			
CONTROL VALVES	NUMBER INSTALLED	TYPE AND MAKE		ALL OPERATE SATISFACTORILY
				YES NO
	WATER CONTROL VALVES LEFT WIDE OPEN IF NOT STATE REASON			YES NO
	HOSE THREADS OF FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTIONS AND HYDRANTS INTERCHANGEABLE WITH THOSE OF FIRE DEPARTMENT ANSWERING ALARM			YES NO
REMARKS	DATE LEFT IN SERVICE			
SIGNATURES	NAME OF INSTALLING CONTRACTOR			
	TESTS WITNESSED BY			
	FOR PROPERTY OWNER (SIGNED)	TITLE	DATE	
FOR INSTALLING CONTRACTOR (SIGNED)	TITLE	DATE		
ADDITIONAL EXPLANATION AND NOTES				

Figure 8-1(b) (cont.).

8-2 Acceptance Requirements.

8-2.1* **Flushing of Piping.** Underground mains and lead-in connections to system risers shall be completely flushed before connection is made to sprinkler piping. The flushing operation shall be continued for a sufficient time to ensure thorough cleaning. The minimum rate of flow shall be not less than:

- (a) The hydraulically calculated water demand rate of the system including any hose requirements, or
- (b) That flow necessary to provide a velocity of 10 ft per second (3 m/s), or
- (c) The maximum flow rate available to the system under fire conditions.

Table 8-2.1 Flow Required to Produce a Velocity of 10 ft per second (3 m/s) in Pipes

Pipe Size (in.)	Flow Rate (gpm)	Flow Rate (L/min)
4	890	1476
6	880	3331
8	1560	5905
10	2440	9235
12	3520	13323

8-2.2 Hydrostatic Tests.

8-2.2.1* All interior piping and attached appurtenances subjected to system working pressure shall be hydrostatically tested at 200 psi (13.8 bars) and shall maintain a pressure without loss for 2 hours. Loss shall be determined by a drop in gauge pressure or visual leakage.

Exception No. 1: Portions of systems normally subjected to working pressures in excess of 150 psi (10.4 bars) shall be tested described above at a pressure of 50 psi (3.5 bars) in excess of normal working pressure.

Exception No. 2: When cold weather will not permit testing with water, an interim air test may be conducted as described in 8-2.

The test pressure shall be read from a gauge located at low elevation point of the system or portion being tested.

8-2.2.2 **Additives.** Additives, corrosive chemicals such as sodium silicate or derivatives of sodium silicate, brine, other chemicals shall not be used while hydrostatically testing systems or for stopping leaks.

8-2.2.3 Piping between the exterior fire department connection and the check valve in the fire department in pipe shall be hydrostatically tested in the same manner the balance of the system.

8-2.2.4 When hydrostatically testing deluge system plugs shall be installed in fittings and replaced with operating elements of automatic sprinklers shall be removed after the test is completed.

ISR-8

SPRINKLER SYSTEMS IN RESIDENTIAL OCCUPANCIES UP TO AND INCLUDING FOUR STORIES IN HEIGHT

(j) Any small enclosures in which no sprinklers are to be installed.

(k) Size of city main in street, pressure and whether dead-end or circulating and, if dead-end, direction and distance to nearest circulating main, city main test results including elevation of test hydrant.

(l) Make, manufacturer, type, heat-response element, temperature rating, and nominal orifice size of sprinkler.

(m) Temperature rating and location of high-temperature sprinklers.

(n) Number of sprinklers on each riser, per floor.

(o) Kind and location of alarm bells.

(p) Type of pipe and fittings.

(q) Type of protection for nonmetallic pipe.

(r) Nominal pipe size with lengths shown to scale.

NOTE: Where typical branch lines prevail, it will be necessary to size only one line.

(s) Location and size of riser nipples.

(t) Type of fittings and joints and location of all welds and bends.

(u) Types and locations of hangers, sleeves, braces, and methods of securing sprinklers, where applicable.

(v) All control valves, check valves, drain pipes, and test connections.

(w) Underground pipe size, length, location, weight, material, point of connection to city main; the type of test, meters, and valve pits; and the depth at which the pipe is laid below grade.

(x) For hydraulically designed systems, the material to be included on the hydraulic data nameplate.

(y) Name and address of contractor.

2 Approval of Sprinkler Systems.

2.1 The installer shall perform all required acceptance tests (see 2-1.3), complete the Contractor's Material Test Certificate(s) (see Figure 2-1.2.1), and forward the certificate(s) to the authority having jurisdiction, prior to approval of the installation.

2.2 When the authority having jurisdiction desires to present during the conducting of acceptance tests, the installer shall give advance notification of the time and the testing will be performed.

Acceptance Tests.

1 Flushing of Underground Connections.

1.1 Underground mains and lead-in connections to risers shall be flushed before connection is made to other piping, in order to remove foreign materials that have entered the underground piping during the course of the installation. For all systems, the flushing operation shall be continued until water is clear.

2-1.3.1.2 Underground mains and lead-in connections shall be flushed at the hydraulically calculated water demand rate of the system.

2-1.3.1.3 To avoid property damage, provision shall be made for the disposal of water issuing from test outlets.

2-1.3.2* Hydrostatic pressure tests shall be provided in accordance with NFPA 13, *Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems*.

Exception: Testing for leakage at 50 psi (3.4 bars) water pressure above the maximum system pressure shall be acceptable for systems having less than 20 sprinklers and no fire department connection.

2-2 Design and Installation.

2-2.1 Devices and Materials.

2-2.1.1 Only new sprinklers shall be employed in the installation of sprinkler systems. At least 3 spare sprinklers of each type, temperature rating, and orifice size used in the system shall be kept on the premises. Replacement sprinklers shall have the same operating characteristics as the sprinklers being replaced.

2-2.1.2 Only listed or approved devices and materials as indicated in this standard shall be used in sprinkler systems.

2-2.1.3 Sprinkler systems shall be designed for a maximum working pressure of 175 psi (12.1 bars).

Exception: Higher design pressures may be used when all system components are rated for pressures higher than 175 psi (12.1 bars).

2-3 Water Supply.

2-3.1 General Provisions. Every automatic sprinkler system shall have at least one automatic water supply. When stored water is used as the sole source of supply, the minimum quantity shall equal the water demand rate times 30 minutes. (See 2-5.1.3.)

2-3.2* Water Supply Sources. The following water supply sources are acceptable:

(a) A connection to a reliable water works system with or without a booster pump, as required.

(b) An elevated tank.

(c) A pressure tank installed in accordance with NFPA 13, *Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems*, and NFPA 22, *Standard for Water Tanks for Private Fire Protection*.

(d) A stored water source with an automatically operated pump, installed in accordance with NFPA 20, *Standard for the Installation of Centrifugal Fire Pumps*.

WORKING PLANS, DESIGN, INSTALLATION, ACCEPTANCE TESTS, AND MAINTENANCE

43E

CONTRACTOR'S MATERIAL & TEST CERTIFICATE FOR ABOVEGROUND PIPING

A

Bldg 4

PROCEDURE

Upon completion of work, inspection and tests shall be made by the contractor's representative and witnessed by an owner's representative. All items shall be corrected and retested until they meet the contractor's performance goals for the job.

All work shall be tied out and signed by both representatives. Copies shall be prepared for approving authorities, owners, and contractor. It is understood the owner's representative shall not be held responsible for any claim against contractor for faulty material, poor workmanship, or failure to comply with approving authority's requirements or specifications.

PROJECT NAME

S.J.N.Y. Phase II Housing

PROPERTY ADDRESS

735 Anderson Hill Rd. Purchase, NY 10577

2/21/03

ACCEPTED BY APPROVING AUTHORITIES (NAMES)

ADDRESS

PLANS

INSTALLATION CONFORMS TO ACCEPTED PLANS

EQUIPMENT USED IS APPROVED

IF NO, EXPLAIN DEVIATIONS

YES NO

YES NO

HAS PERSON IN CHARGE OF FIRE EQUIPMENT BEEN INSTRUCTED AS TO LOCATION OF CONTROL VALVES AND CARE AND MAINTENANCE OF THIS NEW EQUIPMENT?

YES NO

IF NO, EXPLAIN

INSTRUCTIONS

HAVE COPIES OF THE FOLLOWING BEEN LEFT ON THE PREMISES:

1. SYSTEM COMPONENTS INSTRUCTIONS
2. CARE AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS
3. NFPA 704

YES NO

YES NO

YES NO

YES NO

LOCATION OF SYSTEM

SUPPLY BUILDINGS

SPRINKLERS

MAKE	MODEL	YEAR OF MANUFACTURE	ORIFICE SIZE	REMARKS	TEMPERATURE RATING
Central	Optima	2002			160°
Tyco	Ty3651	2001			160°

PIPE AND FITTINGS

Type of Pipe Schedule 40 black & Victrolite light wall

Type of Fittings Schedule 40 malleable black & victrolite fittings

ALARM VALVE OR FLOW INDICATOR

TYPE	ALARM DEVICE MAKE	MODEL	MAXIMUM TIME TO OPERATE THROUGH TEST CONNECTION
System Sensor	Intercept	OSY2/FB/A/W/DT	
Potter	Intercept	OSY2-SL	

DRY PIPE OPERATING TEST

MAKE		MODEL		SERIAL NO.	MAKE		MODEL		SERIAL NO.
N/A									
TIME TO TRIP - THIRD TEST CONNECTION		WATER PRESSURE		AIR PRESSURE	TRIP POINT AIR PRESSURE	TIME WATER PRESSURE TEST OUTLET		ALARM OPERATES PROPERLY	
MIN.	SEC.	PSI		PSI	PSI	MIN.	SEC.	YES	NO
WITHOUT Q.O.D.									
WITH Q.O.D.									
NO. 537-102									

IF NO, EXPLAIN

MEASURED FROM THE INSPECTOR'S TEST CONNECTION IS OPENED.
ISA (999)
PRINTED IN U.S.A.

Figure 2-1.2-1 Contractor's material and test certificate for aboveground piping

SYSTEM ACCEPTANCE

HYDROSTATIC TEST	ALL NEW OR UNDERGROUND PIPING HYDROSTATICALLY TESTED AT		JOINTS COVERED	
	200 PSI FOR 2 HOURS		YES NO	
LEAKAGE TEST	TOTAL AMOUNT OF LEAKAGE MEASURED			
	NA GALS. NA HOURS			
HYDRANTS	ALLOWABLE LEAKAGE			
	NA GALS. NA HOURS			
CONTROL VALVES	NUMBER INSTALLED	TYPE AND MAKE	ALL OPERATE SATISFACTORILY	
	WATER CONTROL VALVES LEFT WIDE OPEN IF NO. STATE PERSON		YES NO	
REMARKS	HOSE THREADS OF FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTIONS AND HYDRANTS INTERCHANGEABLE WITH THOSE OF FIRE DEPARTMENT AND SPRINKLER ALARM		YES NO	
	DATE LEFT IN SERVICE		YES NO	
SIGNATURES	NAME OF INSTALLING CONTRACTOR			
	FOR PROPERTY OWNER (SIGNED)	TESTS WITNESSED BY		
	FOR INSTALLER CONTRACTOR (SIGNED)	TITLE	DATE	
		TITLE	DATE	
		D&T Mechanical		
ADDITIONAL EXPLANATION AND NOTES				

Figure 8-1(b) (cont.).

8-2 Acceptance Requirements.

8-2.1* **Flushing of Piping.** Underground mains and lead-in connections to system risers shall be completely flushed before connection is made to sprinkler piping. The flushing operation shall be continued for a sufficient time to ensure thorough cleaning. The minimum rate of flow shall be not less than:

(a) The hydraulically calculated water demand rate of the system including any hose requirements, or

(b) That flow necessary to provide a velocity of 10 ft per second (3 m/s), or

(c) The maximum flow rate available to the system under fire conditions.

Table 8-2.1 Flow Required to Produce a Velocity of 10 ft per second (3 m/s) in Pipes

Pipe Size (in.)	Flow Rate (gpm)	Flow Rate (L/min)
4	390	1476
6	890	3331
8	1560	5905
10	2440	9235
12	3520	13323

8-2.2 Hydrostatic Tests.

8-2.2.1* All interior piping and attached appurtenance subjected to system working pressure shall be hydrostatically tested at 200 psi (13.8 bars) and shall maintain the pressure without loss for 2 hours. Loss shall be determined by a drop in gauge pressure or visual leakage.

Exception No. 1: Portions of systems normally subjected to working pressures in excess of 150 psi (10.4 bars) shall be tested as described above at a pressure of 50 psi (3.5 bars) in excess of normal working pressure.

Exception No. 2: When cold weather will not permit testing with water, an interim air test may be conducted as described in 8-2.5.

The test pressure shall be read from a gauge located at the low elevation point of the system or portion being tested.

8-2.2.2 **Additives.** Additives, corrosive chemicals such as sodium silicate or derivatives of sodium silicate, brine, or other chemicals shall not be used while hydrostatically testing systems or for stopping leaks.

8-2.2.3 Piping between the exterior fire department connection and the check valve in the fire department inlet pipe shall be hydrostatically tested in the same manner as the balance of the system.

8-2.2.4 When hydrostatically testing deluge systems, plugs shall be installed in fittings and replaced with open sprinklers after the test is completed, or the operating elements of automatic sprinklers shall be removed after the test is completed.

SPRINKLER SYSTEMS IN RESIDENTIAL OCCUPANCIES UP TO AND INCLUDING FOUR STORIES IN HEIGHT

(j) Any small enclosures in which no sprinklers are to be installed.

(k) Size of city main in street, pressure and whether dead-end or circulating; and, if dead-end, direction and distance to nearest circulating main, city main test results including elevation of test hydrant.

(l) Make, manufacturer, type, heat-response element, temperature rating, and nominal orifice size of sprinkler.

(m) Temperature rating and location of high-temperature sprinklers.

(n) Number of sprinklers on each riser, per floor.

(o) Kind and location of alarm bells.

(p) Type of pipe and fittings.

(q) Type of protection for nonmetallic pipe.

(r) Nominal pipe size with lengths shown to scale.

NOTE: Where typical branch lines prevail, it will be necessary to size only one line.

(s) Location and size of riser nipples.

(t) Type of fittings and joints and location of all welds and bends.

(u) Types and locations of hangers, sleeves, braces, and methods of securing sprinklers, where applicable.

(v) All control valves, check valves, drain pipes, and test connections.

(w) Underground pipe size, length, location, weight, material, point of connection to city main; the type of valves, meters, and valve pits; and the depth at which the pipe is laid below grade.

(x) For hydraulically designed systems, the material to be included on the hydraulic data nameplate.

(y) Name and address of contractor.

2 Approval of Sprinkler Systems.

2.1 The installer shall perform all required acceptance tests (see 2-1.3), complete the Contractor's Material Test Certificate(s) (see Figure 2-1.2.1), and forward the certificate(s) to the authority having jurisdiction, prior to signing for approval of the installation.

2.2 When the authority having jurisdiction desires to be present during the conducting of acceptance tests, the installer shall give advance notification of the time and the testing will be performed.

3 Acceptance Tests.

3.1 Flushing of Underground Connections.

3.1.1 Underground mains and lead-in connections to risers shall be flushed before connection is made to sprinkler piping, in order to remove foreign materials that have entered the underground piping during the course of the installation. For all systems, the flushing shall be continued until water is clear.

2-1.3.1.2 Underground mains and lead-in connections shall be flushed at the hydraulically calculated water demand rate of the system.

2-1.3.1.3 To avoid property damage, provision shall be made for the disposal of water issuing from test outlets.

2-1.3.2* Hydrostatic pressure tests shall be provided in accordance with NFPA 13, *Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems*.

Exception: Testing for leakage at 50 psi (3.4 bars) water pressure above the maximum system pressure shall be acceptable for systems having less than 20 sprinklers and no fire department connection.

2-2 Design and Installation.

2-2.1 Devices and Materials.

2-2.1.1 Only new sprinklers shall be employed in the installation of sprinkler systems. At least 3 spare sprinklers of each type, temperature rating, and orifice size used in the system shall be kept on the premises. Replacement sprinklers shall have the same operating characteristics as the sprinklers being replaced.

2-2.1.2 Only listed or approved devices and materials as indicated in this standard shall be used in sprinkler systems.

2-2.1.3 Sprinkler systems shall be designed for a maximum working pressure of 175 psi (12.1 bars).

Exception: Higher design pressures may be used when all system components are rated for pressures higher than 175 psi (12.1 bars).

2-3 Water Supply.

2-3.1 General Provisions. Every automatic sprinkler system shall have at least one automatic water supply. When stored water is used as the sole source of supply, the minimum quantity shall equal the water demand rate times 30 minutes. (See 2-3.1.3.)

2-3.2* Water Supply Sources. The following water supply sources are acceptable:

(a) A connection to a reliable water works system with or without a booster pump, as required.

(b) An elevated tank.

(c) A pressure tank installed in accordance with NFPA 13, *Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems*, and NFPA 22, *Standard for Water Tanks for Private Fire Protection*.

(d) A stored water source with an automatically operated pump, installed in accordance with NFPA 20, *Standard for the Installation of Centrifugal Fire Pumps*.

WORKING PLANS, DESIGN, INSTALLATION, ACCEPTANCE TESTS, AND MAINTENANCE

131

CONTRACTOR'S MATERIAL & TEST CERTIFICATE FOR

A BOVEGROUND PIPING

PROCEDURE

Upon completion of work, inspection and tests shall be made by the contractor's representative and witnessed by an external representative. All details shall be confirmed and signed by both parties. The contractor's representative shall leave the job.

A copy of this certificate shall be retained by both parties. Copies shall be prepared for approving authorities, owners, and contractor. It is understood the owner's representative shall ensure in no way releases any claim against contractor for faulty installed, poor workmanship, etc. The contractor shall comply with approving authority's requirements or work otherwise.

PROPERTY NAME

S.J.N.Y. Phase II Housing

PROPERTY ADDRESS

735 Anderson Hill Rd. Purchase, NY 10577

2/21/03

ACCEPTED BY APPROVING AUTHORITIES (NAMES)

ADDRESS

PLANS

INSTALLATION CONFORMS TO ACCEPTED PLANS

EQUIPMENT USED IS APPROVED

IF NO, EXPLAIN DEVIATIONS

YES NO

YES NO

HAS PERSON IN CHARGE OF FIRE EQUIPMENT BEEN INSTRUCTED AS TO LOCATION

OF CONTROL VALVES AND CARE AND MAINTENANCE OF THIS NEW EQUIPMENT?

IF NO, EXPLAIN

YES NO

INSTRUCTIONS

HAVE COPIES OF THE FOLLOWING BEEN LEFT ON THE PREMISES:

1. SYSTEM COMPONENTS INSTRUCTIONS
2. CARE AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS
3. NFPA-13A

YES NO

YES NO

YES NO

YES NO

LOCATION OF SYSTEM

SUPPLY BUILDINGS

SPRINKLERS

MAKE	MODEL	YEAR OF MANUFACTURE	DRIP SIZE	SENSITIVITY	TEMPERATURE RATING
Central	Optima	2002			160°
Tyco	TY3551	2001			160°

PIPE AND FITTINGS

Type of Pipe: Schedule 40 black & Victrolite light wall
 Type of Fittings: Schedule 40 malleable black & victrolite fittings

ALARM VALVE OR FLOW INDICATOR

TYPE	ALARM DEVICE	MAXIMUM TIME TO OPERATE THROUGH TEST CONNECTION
System Sensor	Temp: 05Y2 / FLOW: WEDT	
Potter	Temp: 05Y2-SQ	

DRY PIPE OPERATING TEST

MAKE		MODEL		SERIAL NO.	MAKE		MODEL		SERIAL NO.
N/A									
TIME TO TRIP THRU TEST CONNECTION		WATER PRESSURE		AIR PRESSURE	TRIP POINT AIR PRESSURE	TIME WATER PRESSURE TEST OUTLET		ALARM OPERATED PROPERLY	
MIN.	SEC.	PSI		PSI	PSI	MIN.	SEC.	YES	NO
EXPLAIN									

IF NO, EXPLAIN

*MEASURED FROM THE INSPECTOR'S TEST CONNECTIONS (OPENED)
 PRINTED IN U.S.A.

Figure 2-1.2.1 Contractor's material and test certificate for aboveground piping

SYSTEM ACCEPTANCE

HYDROSTATIC TEST	ALL NEW UNDERGROUND PIPING HYDROSTATICALLY TESTED AT		JOINTS COVERED	
	200 PSI FOR 2 HOURS		YES NO	
LEAKAGE TEST	TOTAL AMOUNT OF LEAKAGE MEASURED			
	NA GALS. NA HOURS			
HYDRANTS	ALLOWABLE LEAKAGE			
	NA GALS. NA HOURS			
CONTROL VALVES	NUMBER INSTALLED	TYPE AND MAKE	ALL OPERATE SATISFACTORILY	
			YES NO	
REMARKS	WATER CONTROL VALVES LEFT WIDE OPEN IF NO, STATE REASON		YES NO	
	HOSE THREADS OF FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTIONS AND HYDRANTS INTERCHANGEABLE WITH THOSE OF FIRE DEPARTMENT ANSWERING ALARM		YES NO	
SIGNATURES	DATE LEFT IN SERVICE			
ADDITIONAL EXPLANATION AND NOTES	NAME OF INSTALLING CONTRACTOR			
	TESTS WITNESSED BY			
	FOR PROPERTY OWNER (SIGNED)	TITLE	DATE	
	FOR INSTALLING CONTRACTOR (SIGNED)	TITLE	DATE	
		D&T Mechanical		

Figure 8-1(b) (cont.).

8-2 Acceptance Requirements.

8-2.1* Flushing of Piping. Underground mains and lead-in connections to system risers shall be completely flushed before connection is made to sprinkler piping. The flushing operation shall be continued for a sufficient time to ensure thorough cleaning. The minimum rate of flow shall be not less than:

- (a) The hydraulically calculated water demand rate of the system including any hose requirements, or
- (b) That flow necessary to provide a velocity of 10 ft per second (3 m/s), or
- (c) The maximum flow rate available to the system under fire conditions.

Table 8-2.1 Flow Required to Produce a Velocity of 10 ft per second (3 m/s) in Pipes

Pipe Size (in.)	Flow Rate (gpm)	Flow Rate (L/min)
4	390	1476
6	880	3331
8	1560	5905
10	2440	9295
12	3520	13328

8-2.2 Hydrostatic Tests.

8-2.2.1* All interior piping and attached appurtenances subjected to system working pressure shall be hydrostatically tested at 200 psi (13.8 bars) and shall maintain pressure without loss for 2 hours. Loss shall be determined by a drop in gauge pressure or visual leakage.

Exception No. 1: Portions of systems normally subjected to working pressures in excess of 150 psi (10.4 bars) shall be tested as described above at a pressure of 50 psi (3.5 bars) in excess of normal working pressure.

Exception No. 2: When cold weather will not permit testing with water, an interim air test may be conducted as described in 8-

The test pressure shall be read from a gauge located at low elevation point of the system or portion being tested

8-2.2.2 Additives. Additives, corrosive chemicals such as sodium silicate or derivatives of sodium silicate, brine or other chemicals shall not be used while hydrostatically testing systems or for stopping leaks.

8-2.2.3 Piping between the exterior fire department connection and the check valve in the fire department connection pipe shall be hydrostatically tested in the same manner as the balance of the system.

8-2.2.4 When hydrostatically testing deluge systems, plugs shall be installed in fittings and replaced with orifices after the test is completed, or the operating mechanisms of automatic sprinklers shall be removed after test is completed.

13-R-5

SPRINKLER SYSTEMS IN RESIDENTIAL OCCUPANCIES UP TO AND INCLUDING FOUR STORIES IN HEIGHT

(j) Any small enclosures in which no sprinklers are to be installed.

(k) Size of city main in street, pressure and whether lead-end or circulating; and, if dead-end, direction and distance to nearest circulating main, city main test results including elevation of test hydrant.

(l) Make, manufacturer, type, heat-response element, temperature rating, and nominal orifice size of sprinkler.

(m) Temperature rating and location of high-temperature sprinklers.

(n) Number of sprinklers on each riser, per floor.

(o) Kind and location of alarm bells.

(p) Type of pipe and fittings.

(q) Type of protection for nonmetallic pipe.

(r) Nominal pipe size with lengths shown to scale.

NOTE: Where typical branch lines prevail, it will be necessary to size only one line.

(s) Location and size of riser nipples.

(t) Type of fittings and joints and location of all welds and bends.

(u) Types and locations of hangers, sleeves, braces, and methods of securing sprinklers, where applicable.

(v) All control valves, check valves, drain pipes, and test injections.

(w) Underground pipe size, length, location, weight, material, point of connection to city main; the type of risers, meters, and valve pits; and the depth at which the pipe is laid below grade.

(x) For hydraulically designed systems, the material to be included on the hydraulic data pamphlet.

(y) Name and address of contractor.

2 Approval of Sprinkler Systems.

2.1 The installer shall perform all required acceptance tests (see 2-1.3), complete the Contractor's Material Test Certificate(s) (see Figure 2-1.2.1), and forward the certificate(s) to the authority having jurisdiction, prior to approval of the installation.

2.2 When the authority having jurisdiction desires to present during the conducting of acceptance tests, the installer shall give advance notification of the time and the testing will be performed.

Acceptance Tests.

1 Flushing of Underground Connections.

1.1 Underground mains and lead-in connections to risers shall be flushed before connection is made to other piping, in order to remove foreign materials that have entered the underground piping during the course of the installation. For all systems, the flushing operation shall be continued until water is clear.

2-1.3.1.2 Underground mains and lead-in connections shall be flushed at the hydraulically calculated water demand rate of the system.

2-1.3.1.3 To avoid property damage, provision shall be made for the disposal of water issuing from test outlets.

2-1.3.2* Hydrostatic pressure tests shall be provided in accordance with NFPA 13, *Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems*.

Exception: Testing for leakage at 50 psi (3.4 bars) water pressure above the maximum system pressure shall be acceptable for systems having less than 20 sprinklers and no fire department connection.

2-2 Design and Installation.

2-2.1 Devices and Materials.

2-2.1.1 Only new sprinklers shall be employed in the installation of sprinkler systems. At least 3 spare sprinklers of each type, temperature rating, and orifice size used in the system shall be kept on the premises. Replacement sprinklers shall have the same operating characteristics as the sprinklers being replaced.

2-2.1.2 Only listed or approved devices and materials as indicated in this standard shall be used in sprinkler systems.

2-2.1.3 Sprinkler systems shall be designed for a maximum working pressure of 175 psi (12.1 bars).

Exception: Higher design pressures may be used when all system components are rated for pressures higher than 175 psi (12.1 bars).

2-3 Water Supply.

2-3.1 General Provisions. Every automatic sprinkler system shall have at least one automatic water supply. When stored water is used as the sole source of supply, the minimum quantity shall equal the water demand rate times 90 minutes. (See 2-5.1.3.)

2-3.2* Water Supply Sources. The following water supply sources are acceptable:

(a) A connection to a reliable water works system with or without a booster pump, as required.

(b) An elevated tank.

(c) A pressure tank installed in accordance with NFPA 13, *Standard for the Installation of Sprinkler Systems*, and NFPA 22, *Standard for Water Tanks for Private Fire Protection*.

(d) A stored water source with an automatically operated pump, installed in accordance with NFPA 20, *Standard for the Installation of Centrifugal Fire Pumps*.